

High sensitivity experiments



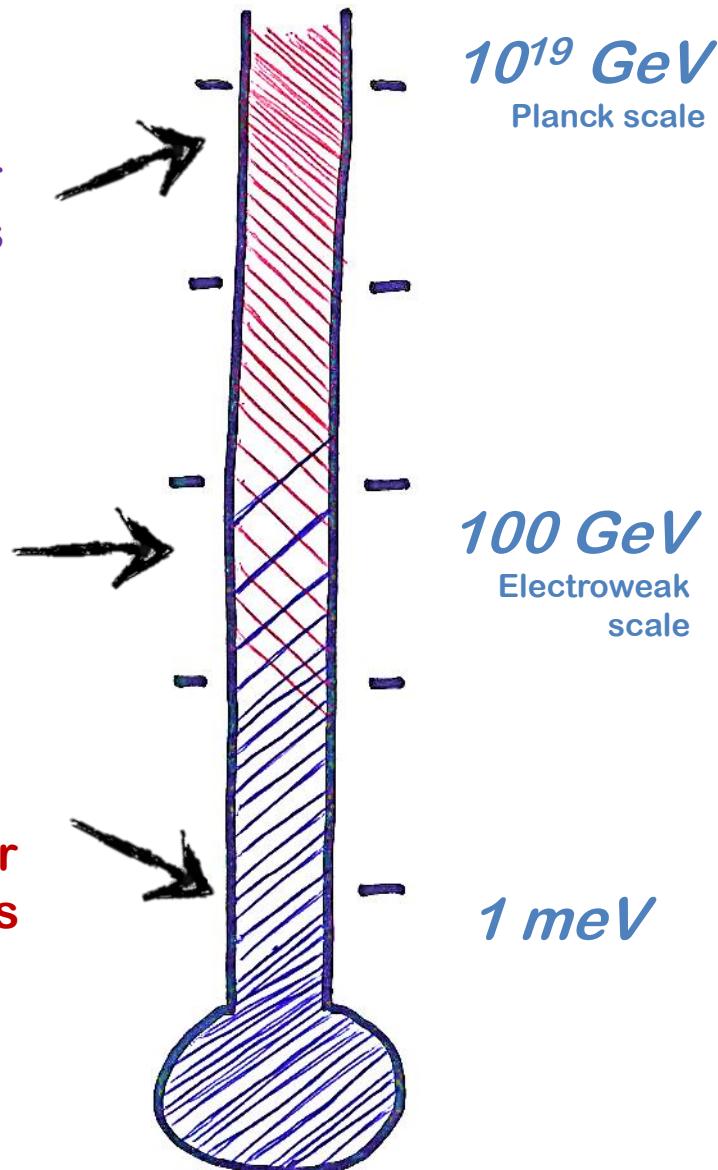
Prospectives du LPSC
1 Juin 2015

Where is new physics?

Ultraviolet:
Non-collider
experiments

colliders

Infrared:
Non-collider
experiments

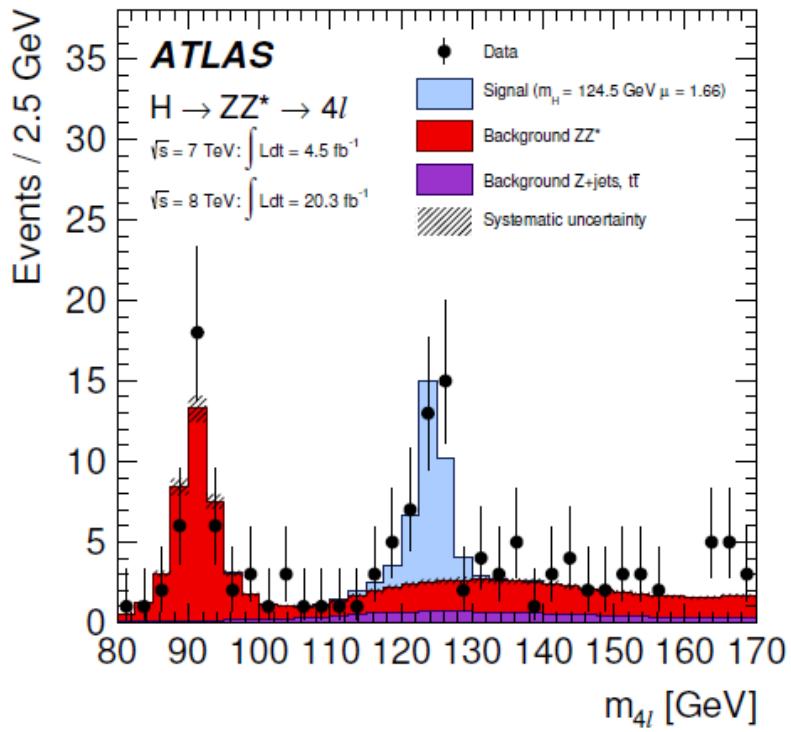


Quantum gravity,
Inflation,
Grand Unification
Right-handed neutrinos

Low energy SUSY,
Non standard Higgs
WIMPS

Large extra dimensions,
Axions and other light
bosons
Cosmological scalar
fields, Chameleons

Direct versus indirect probes

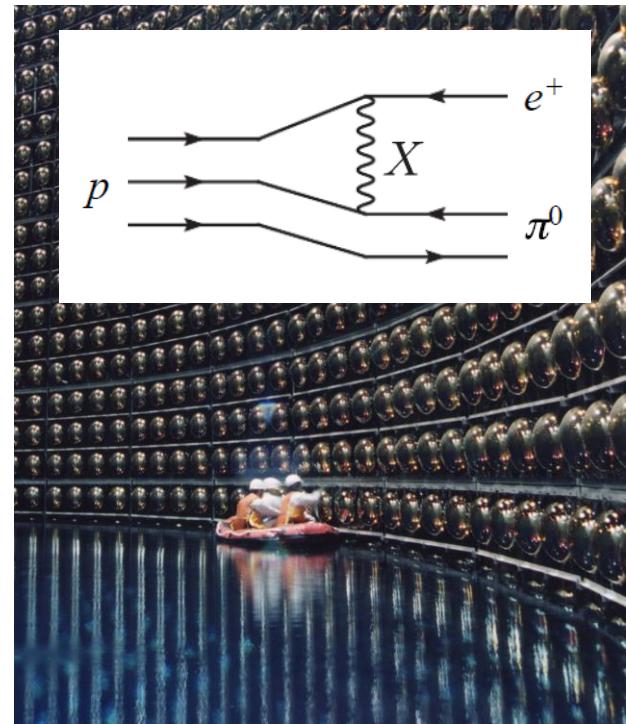


Colliders are direct probes of the electroweak scale

$$m_Z = 91 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\langle \text{higgs} \rangle = 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_h = 125 \text{ GeV}$$

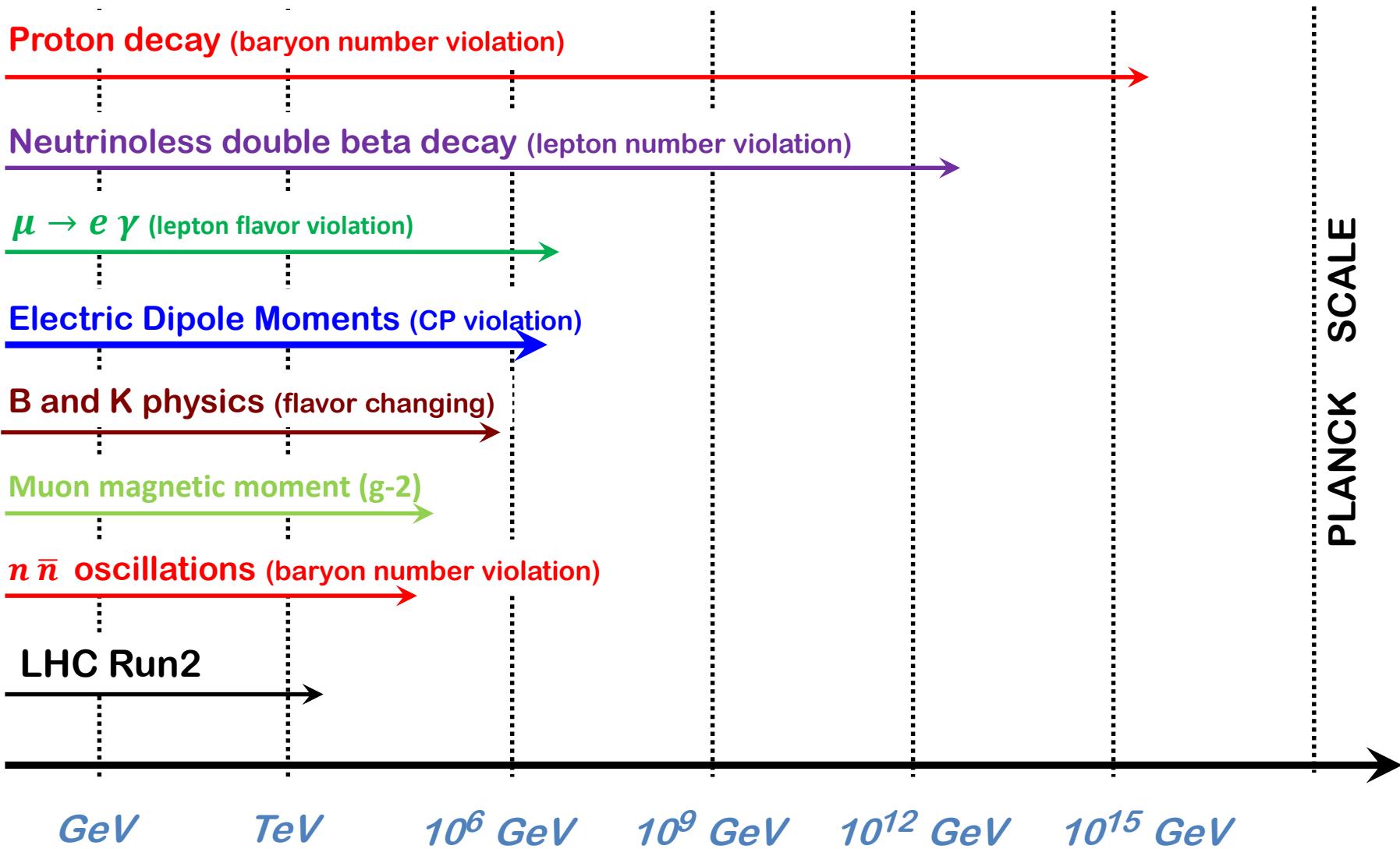


Proton lifetime: an example of an indirect probe.

$$\tau_p \approx \frac{M_X^4}{\alpha^2 m_p^5} > 10^{33} \text{ years}$$

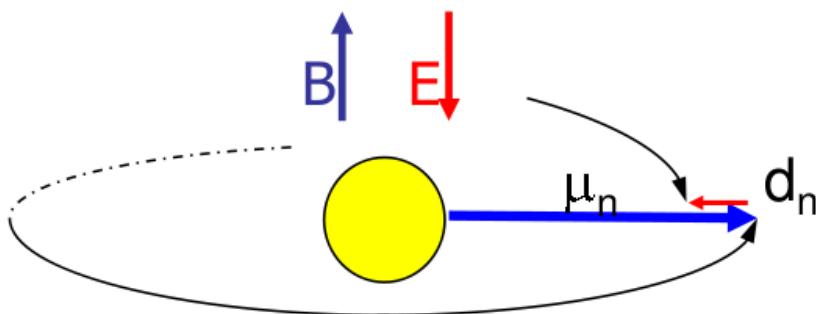
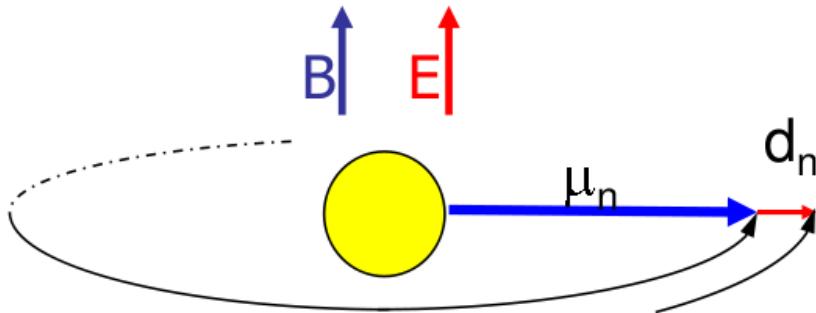
$$M_X > 10^{15} \text{ GeV}$$

High sensitivity experiments to probe new physics WELL beyond the Electroweak scale



Electric dipole moments

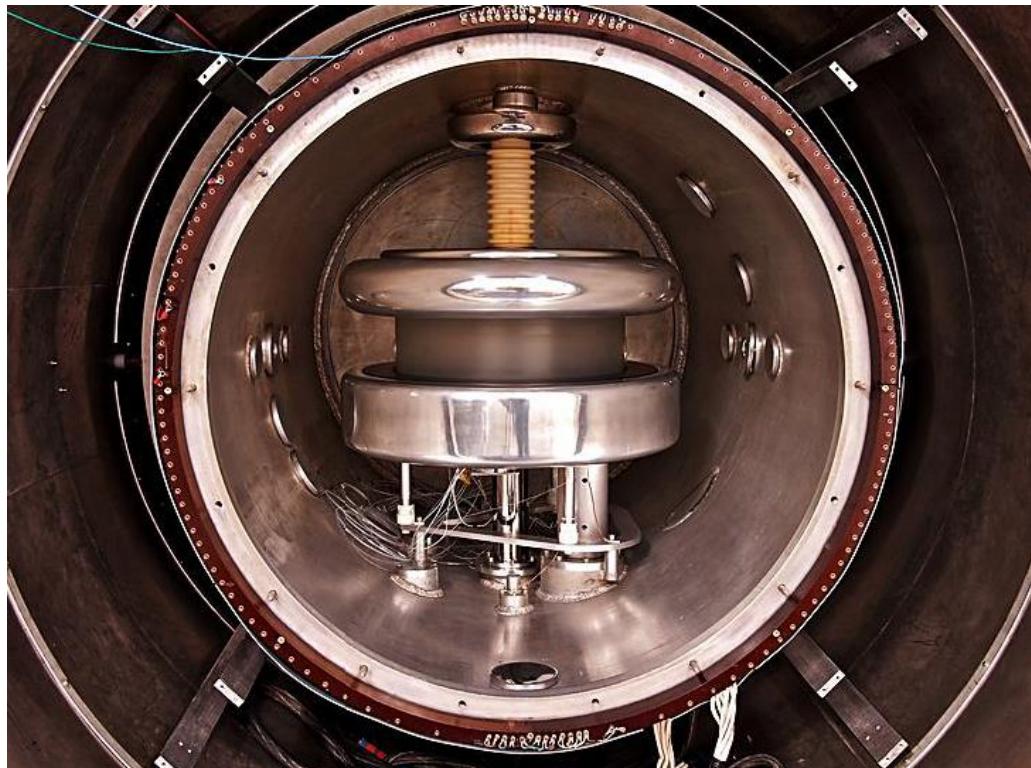
$$\hat{H} = -\mu_n B \hat{\sigma}_z - d_n E \hat{\sigma}_z = \pi \hbar f_L \hat{\sigma}_z$$



$$f_L(\uparrow\uparrow) - f_L(\uparrow\downarrow) = -\frac{2}{\pi\hbar} d_n E$$

A non-zero EDM violates T reversal
(thus violates CP symmetry)

The running nEDM apparatus



Electric field 150 kV / 12 cm

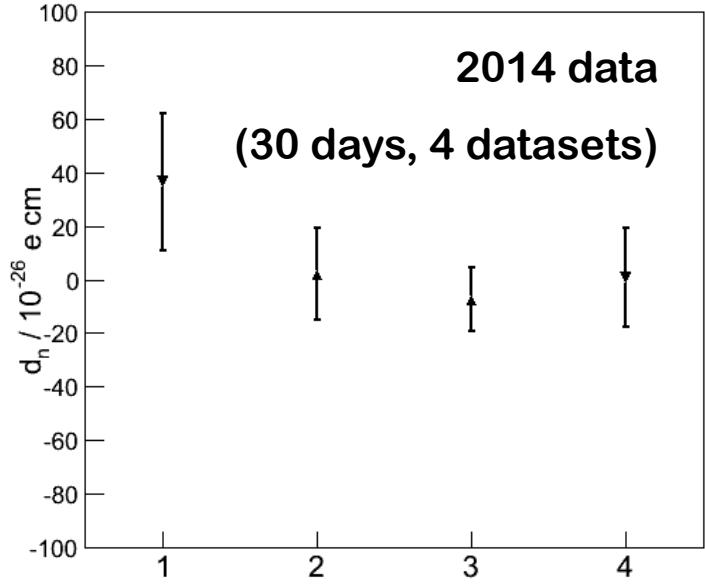
Shielded magnetic environment

$B_0 = 1 \mu\text{T}$ Homogeneity $< 10^{-3}$
Time stability $< 10^{-6}$

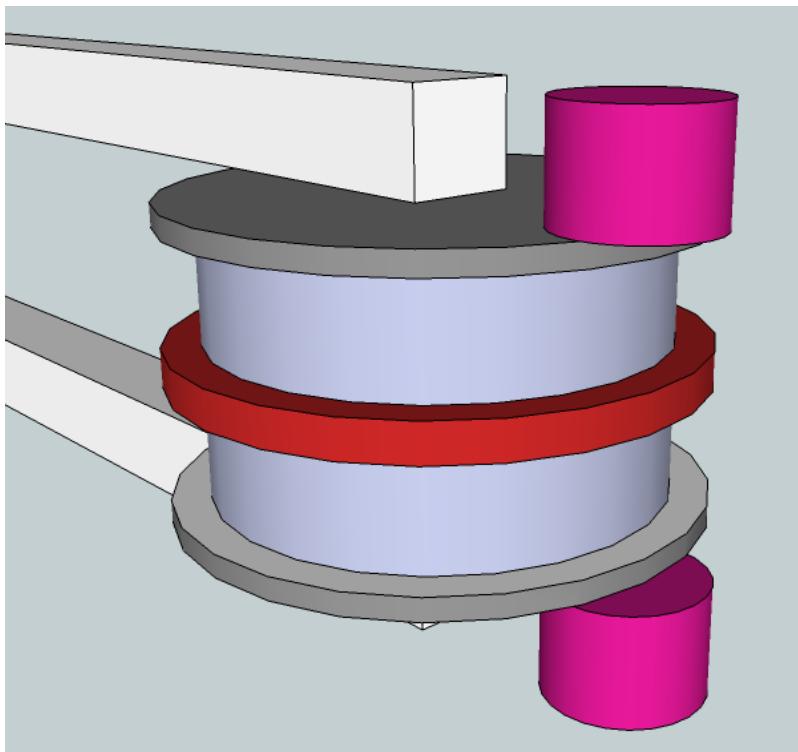
Operated at ILL (2000-2006),
providing the world limit

$$|d_n| < 3 \times 10^{-26} \text{ e cm (90 \% C.L.)}$$

data taking at the PSI UCN
source since 2012



Next, n2EDM



- Two large chambers with opposite E-field
- Hg comagnetometry + external magnetometers (Cs + 3He)
- Bigger and better mumetal magnetic shield

Assembly of the new apparatus in 2018

data taking starts 2020?

Target sensitivity 2×10^{-27} e cm

Neutron antineutron oscillation, the 1986 ILL experiment



Neutrons oscillate freely for 75 m

Annihilation of antineutrons (2 GeV event) detected with a 4pi detector.

Result: $\tau_{n\bar{n}} > 10^8$ s

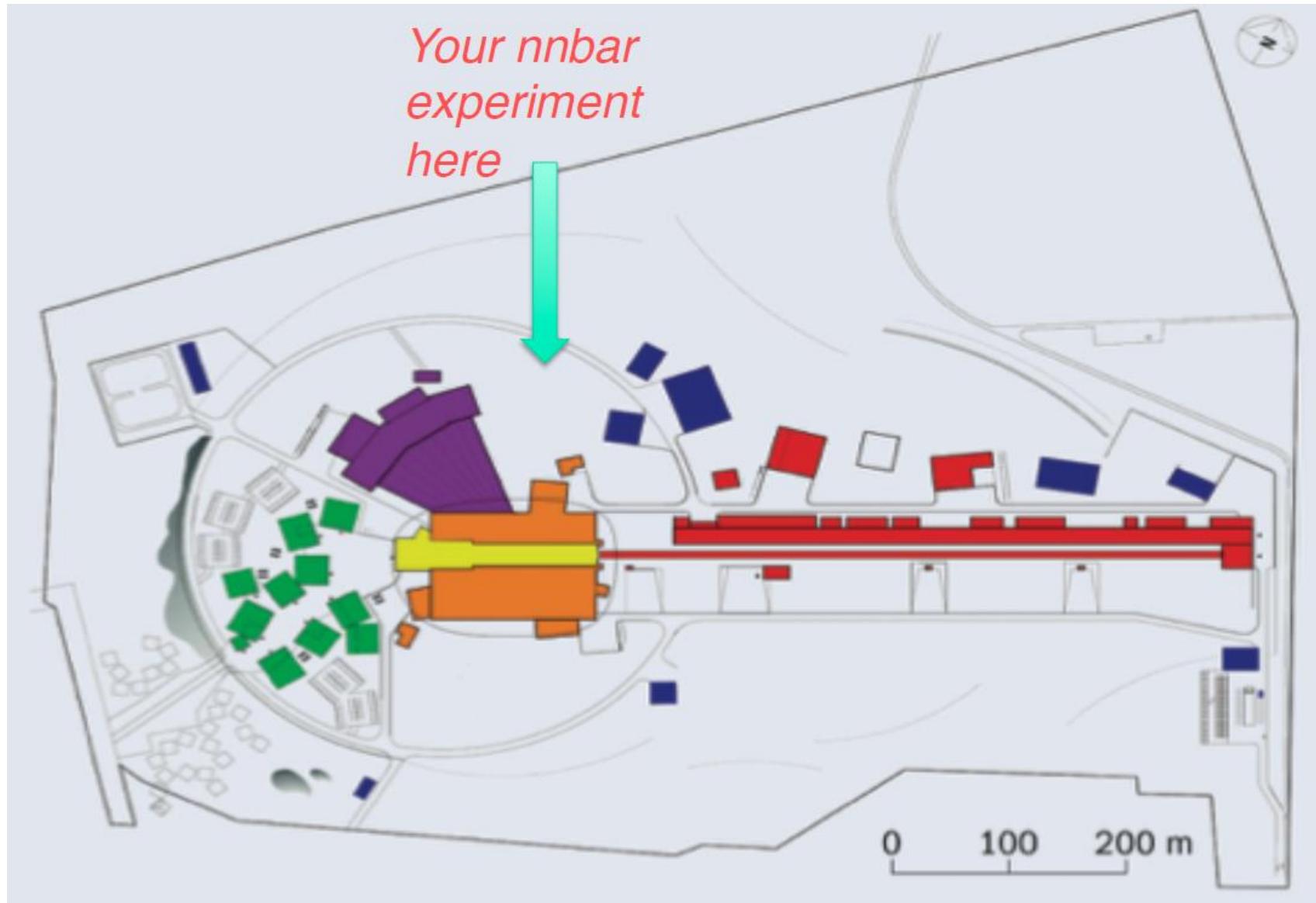
Operator responsible for n nbar

$$O_{\Delta B=2} = \frac{1}{M_{eff}^5} udd\bar{u}\bar{d}$$

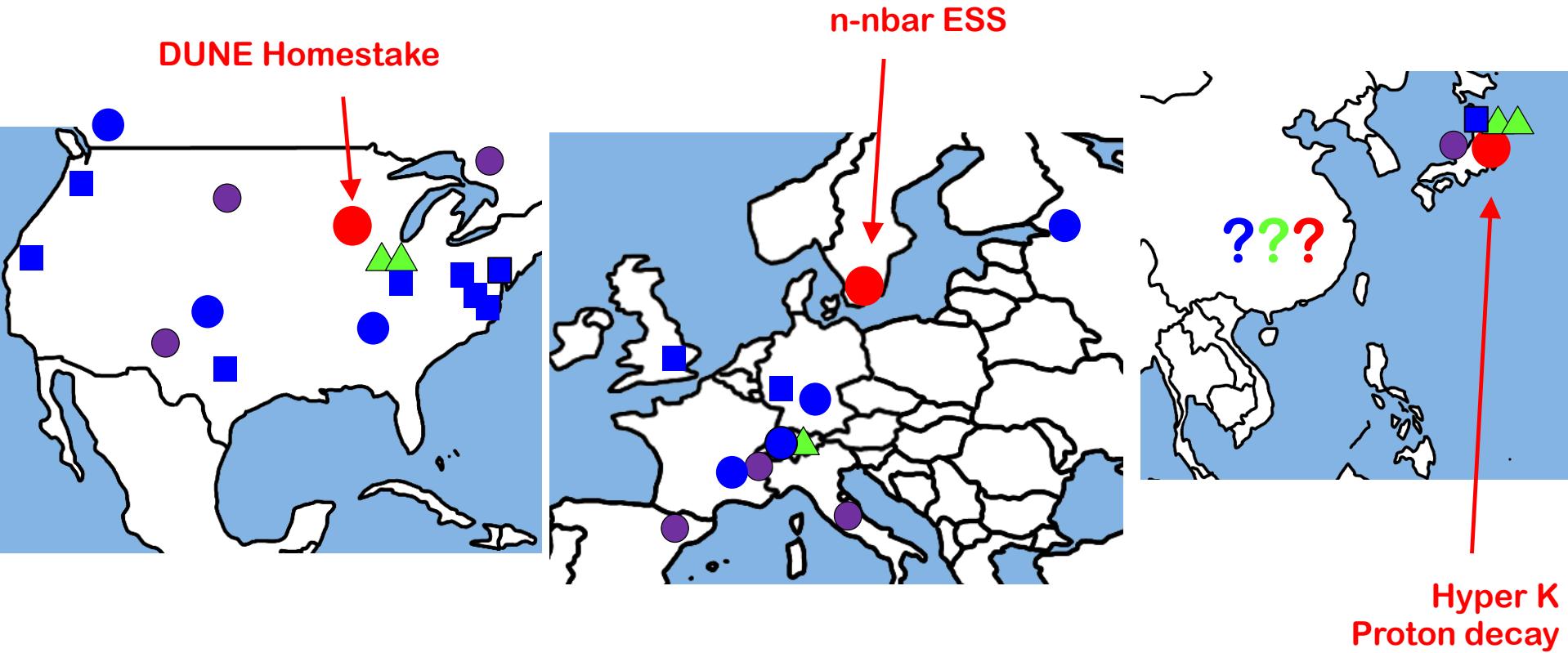
Result: $M_{eff} > 100$ TeV

Notice the M_{eff}^5 suppression

New project at the European Spallation Source (ESS)



Location of ~50 experiments



▲ muons

MEG (PSI), Mu2e (Fermilab), g-2 (Fermilab), COMET (KEK), g-2 (KEK)

● $0\nu\beta\beta$

EXO, SNO+, Kamland, NEXT, GERDA, CUORE, NEMO, MAJORANA

EDMs

● nEDM: PSI, ILL, FRM2, PNPI, SNS, Triumph

■ pEDM & muEDM: BNL, FZJ, FNAL, JPARC

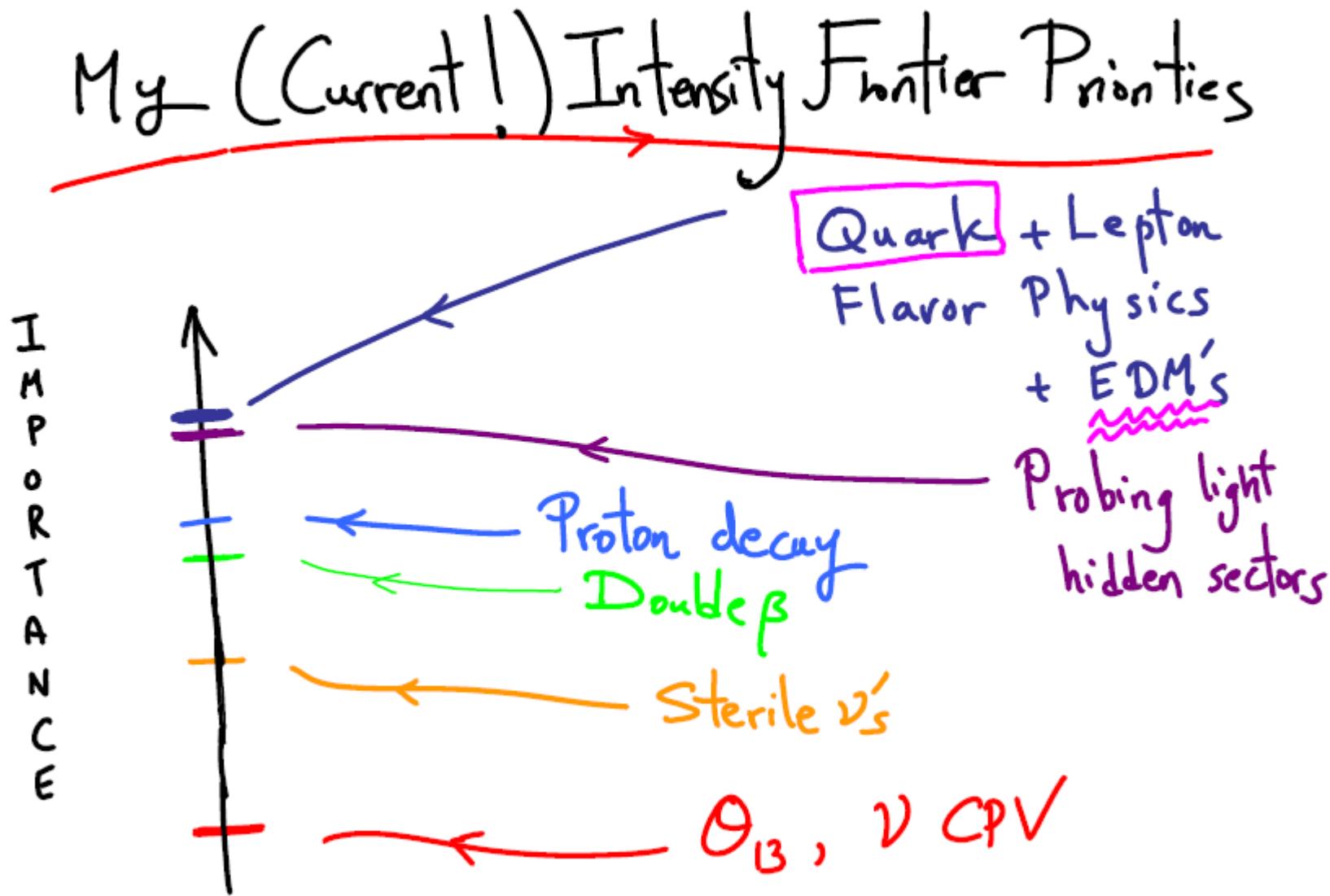
atomEDM: Seattle, Princeton, Yale, Harvard, etc, etc...

Remarques finales

- Des expériences variées, complémentaires du LHC
- L'implication de l'IN2P3 est faible
- Des opportunités, par exemple:
 - Oscillation neutron-antineutron à ESS
 - EDM sur accélérateurs

BACKUPS

Nima Harkani Hamed



Planning the Future of U.S. Particle Physics

Report of the 2013 Community Summer Study

Chapter 2: Intensity Frontier

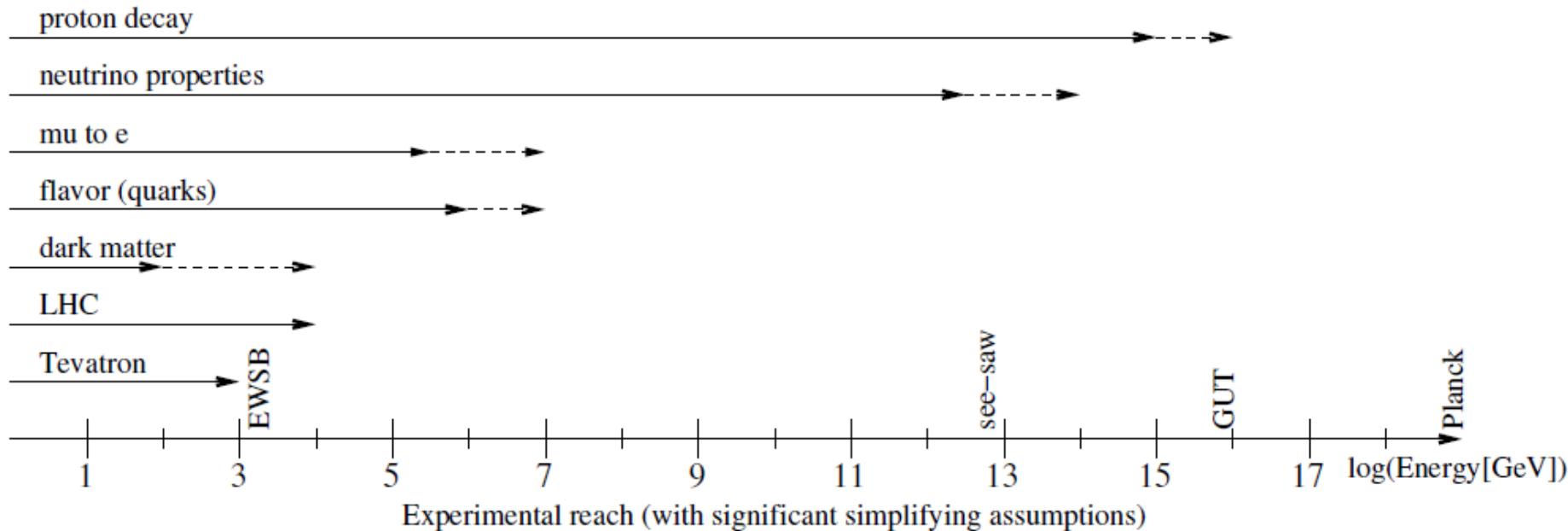
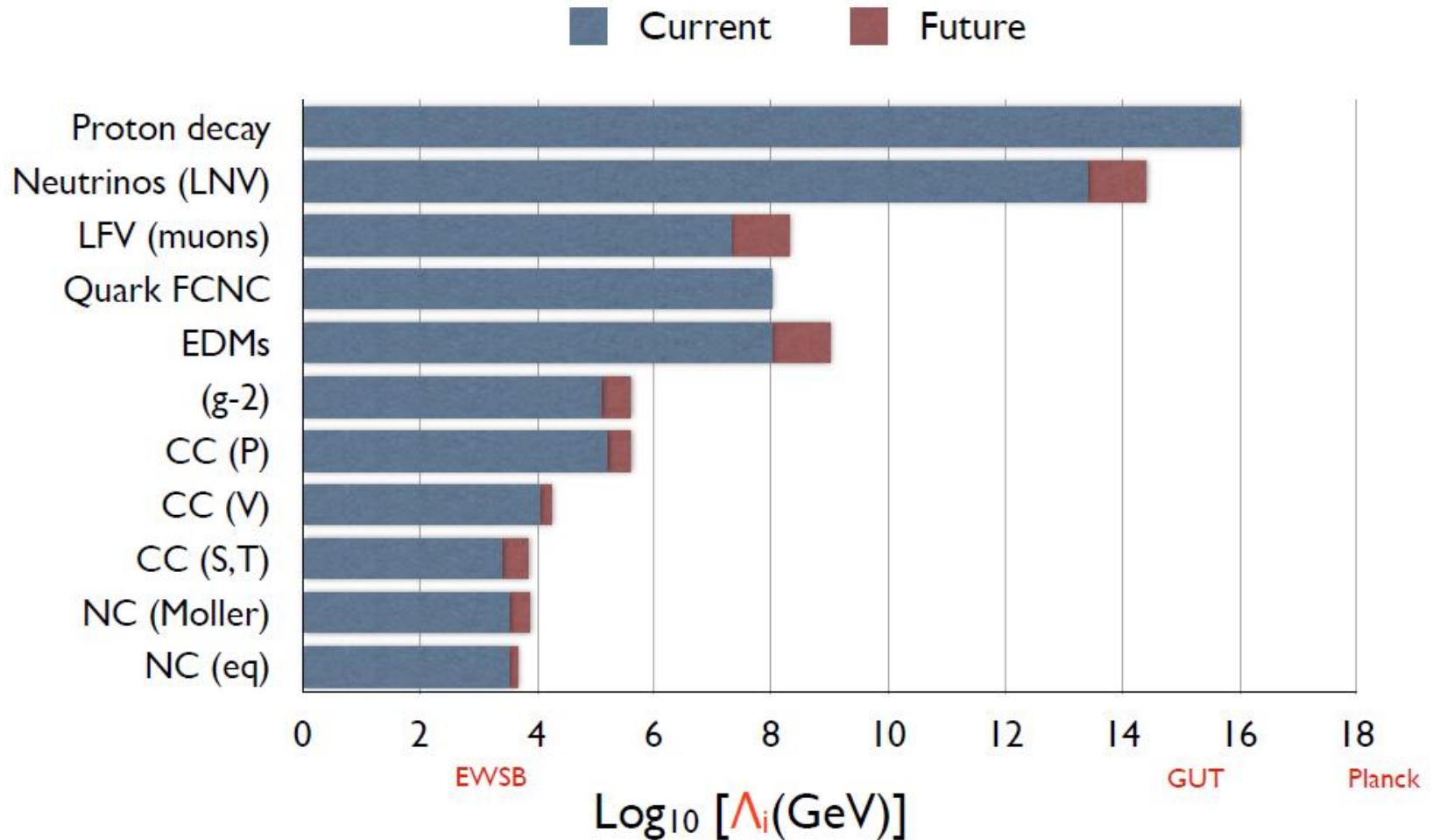


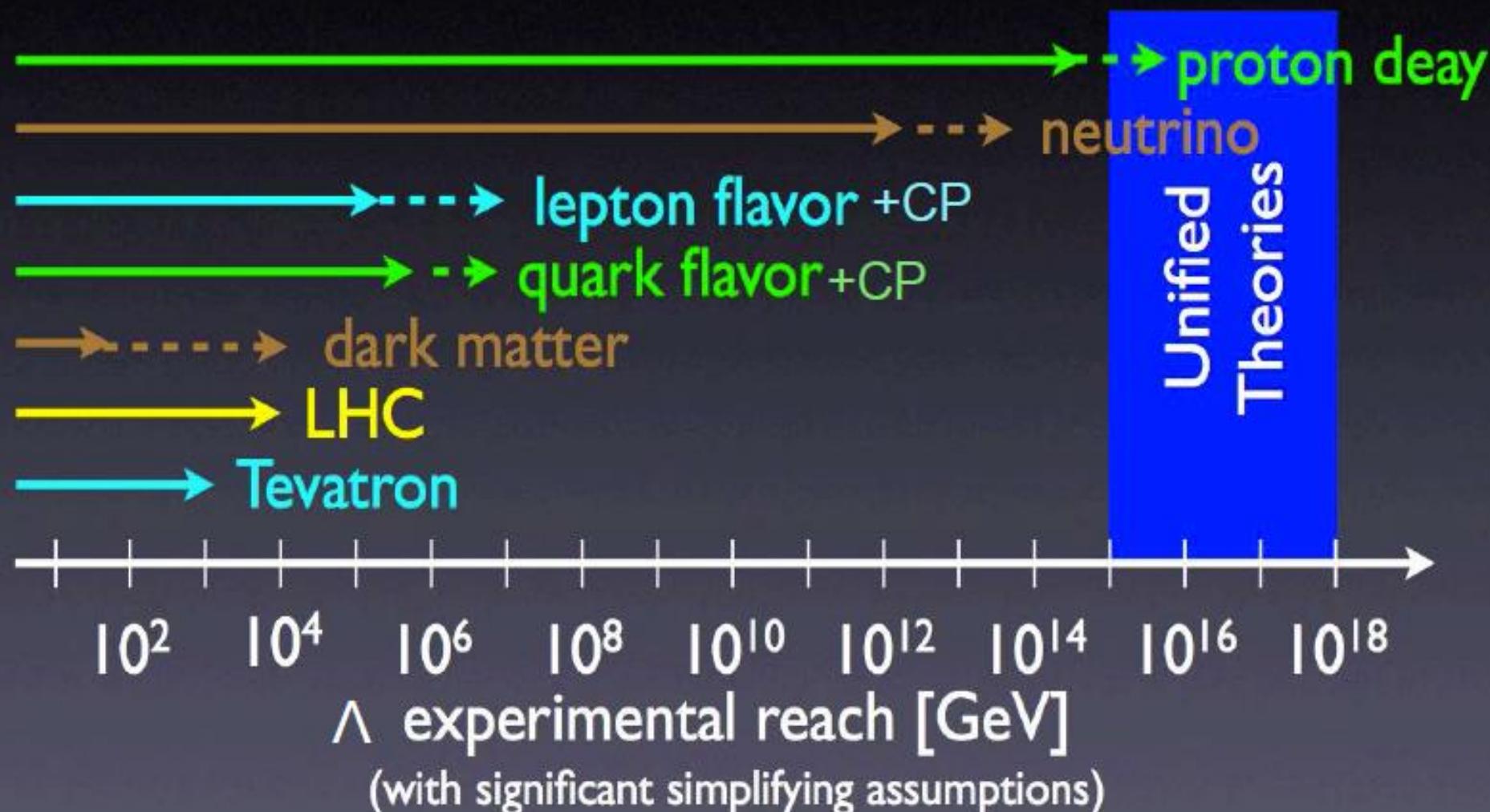
Figure 2-1. The energy scale of new physics that is probed by various experimental programs as indicated. The solid line represents the present level of experimental sensitivity, while the dashed line indicates the expected sensitivity of proposed facilities. The Intensity Frontier programs (proton decay, neutrino properties, mu to e, flavor) provide indirect probes of new physics effects. In contrast, the results presented for the Cosmic (dark matter) and Energy (14 TeV LHC, Tevatron) Frontier programs represent the direct search for the production of new particles. Indirect searches are also possible at these facilities, and increase their sensitivity to high energy scales by roughly an order of magnitude. The vertical text shows the energy scale at which Electroweak Symmetry Breaking (EWSB), the neutrino see-saw mechanism, and Grand Unified Theories (GUT) occur, and where the quantum effects of gravity become strong (Planck).

Low energy probes of BSM

Cirigliano and Ramsey-Mussolf

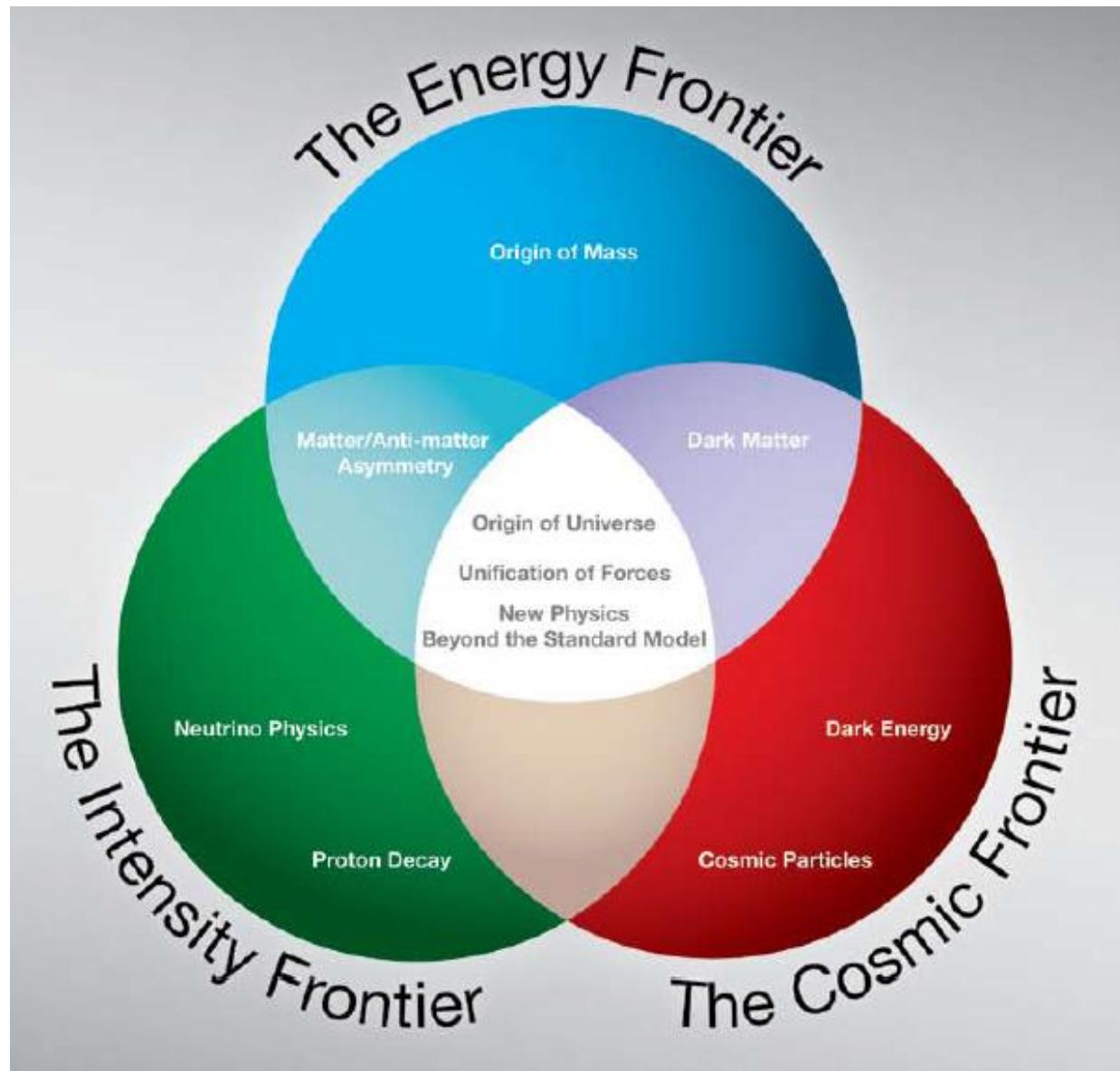


Power of Expedition



courtesy Ligeti/Murayama

US vision



The Intensity Frontier Program

The Intensity Frontier is a broad and diverse, yet connected, set of science opportunities

