## Prospects for single-top cross-section measurements in ATLAS

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#### **Outline**

- Introduction
  - Context
  - Production @ LHC
- Single-top analysis :
  - Relevant Variables
  - Pre-selection
  - s-channel
  - t-channel
  - W+t channel
- Why the s-channel is so interesting?
- Perspectives & Conclusion

# Single Top cross-section : production & motivations

### Single-top production

Standard Model : 3 mechanisms



• Two of them can be seen at theTeVatron (W\*,Wg)

→ Still, none of them has yet been observed...

### **Motivations**

- Properties of the Wtb vertex :
  - Determination of  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow tX)$ ,  $\Gamma(t \rightarrow Wb)$
  - Direct determination of |V<sub>tb</sub>|
  - Top polarization
- Precision measurements 
   → probe to new physics
  - Anomalous couplings
  - FCNC
  - Extra gauge-bosons W' (GUT, KK)
  - Extra Higgs boson (2HDM)
- Single-top is one of the main background to ...
  - ... Higgs physics...

t-channel,Wt

s-channel

## Single Top cross-section : Reach @ TeVatron

#### Measurements @ TeVatron

- 2 main contributing mechanisms in SM:
  - $\sigma^{SM}(W-g) \sim 1.98 \pm 0.30 \text{ pb} / \sigma^{SM}(W^*) \sim 0.88 \pm 0.14 \text{ pb}$
- Present analyses
  - Low S/B and S/ $\sqrt{B}$  stat. limited so far
  - Main Backgrounds : WQQ , W+jets (and ttbar)
  - $\rightarrow$  W+jets normalized to data



- Systematics (DØ)
  - Jet E-scale (~8%), b-tag, trigger modeling (~5%)
  - Jet fragmentation modeling (5%), Luminosity (~ 6.5%)
  - Backgrounds (Uncertainty Wbb,ttb normalization (18%))
- Expectations @ Run II (2 fb<sup>-1</sup>)
  - 5σ-discovery ? X-sections known at ~ 25%

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## Single Top cross-section : Production @ LHC

### **Cross-sections @ LHC**

All 3 contributing mechanisms in SM:







W\* (s-channel)

- Computation at NLO available for W\* and W-g :
  - Increase of  $\sigma(W^*)$  by ~30 %
  - Affect p<sub>T</sub>(jet) distribution, H<sub>T</sub> etc...

### • Parton Distribution Function (PDF) :

CTEQ5M1 vs CTEQ6M

hep-ph/0408049

		Uncertainties				
Channel	σ(pb)	PDF	<b>μ-scale</b> (μ/2-2 μ)	∆ <b>m<sub>top</sub> (4.3GeV)</b>		
W-g	246.6 ± 8.7	4%	3%	1%		
W+t	60 ± ??	10%	?	1%		
W*	10.6 ± 0.7	4%	2%	3%		

- Theoretical uncertainties:
  - Quark-gluon luminosity --choice of the (b) PDF
  - Renormalization scale µ
  - $\Delta m_{top}$  (175 to 178 GeV  $\rightarrow \sigma$ (W\*) down by 6%)

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## Single Top : decay modes & background @ LHC



#### **Cross-sections**

Channel	σ x BR(pb)
W-g	54.2
W+t	17.8
<b>W</b> *	2.2
ttbar	246
Wbb	66.7
W+jets	3,850

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## Single Top : decay modes & background @ LHC





## Single-top @ LHC :

## **Discrimimant Variables & Pre-Selection**

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## **Discriminant Variables : N(jet)**

#### **Characteristics**

- Number of jets with p<sub>T</sub> >15 GeV/c
  - W\* channel : exactly 2 jets in 40% evts
  - Wbb, W+jets : ≥ 2 jets in less than 25% evts
  - o ttbar : ≥ 4 jets in more than 75% evts
  - W+t channel : ≥ 3 jets in more than 70% evts
  - Wg channel : one (b-)jet is outside acceptance



- Discriminating power:
  - N(jet) ≥ 2 will reduce WQQ, Wjets
  - N(jet) ≤ 4 will reduce ttbar
  - N(jet) = 2 will favor W\*
  - N(jet) = 3 will favor W+t

## **Discriminant Variables : N(b-tag)**

#### **Characteristics**

- Number of b-tags with p<sub>T</sub> > 30 GeV/c
  - $\epsilon_{\rm b} = 60\%$  in  $|\eta| < 2.5$
- Among ≥ 1-btag sample :
  - W\* & ttbar : ~ 30% events with 2 b-tags
  - Wg channel : ~18% (2 b-tags)
  - W+t channel : < 5% (no 2<sup>nd</sup> b)
  - WQQ channel : < 9% with 2 b-tags



- Discriminating power :
  - N(b-tag) = 1 exactly for W+t analysis
  - N(b-tag) = 2 exactly for W\* analysis while reducing WQQ,Wjets,W+t,Wg

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## **Discriminant Variables : b-jet**

#### **Characteristics**

- High p<sub>T</sub> b-tagged jets
  - Top events : harder spectrum
  - WQQ events : softer b-jets
- b-jet Topology
  - W\* & Wg & ttbar : ∆R(b,b) ~ 1.0 1.5
  - WQQ events

: b-jets closer to each other



- Discriminating power
  - Higher-p<sub>T</sub> & well separated b-jets favor W\*/ttb/Wg
  - Softer and closer b-jets favor WQQ selection

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#### **Characteristics**

- Sum of all objects E<sub>T</sub> in the event
  - $H_T = \Sigma p_T(jet) + p_T(l) + mE_T$  or  $P_T = \Sigma p_T(jet)$
- Samples
  - W\* & Wg & W+t : H<sub>T</sub> more discriminant than P<sub>T</sub>
  - WQQ, W+jets :  $H_T$  and  $P_T$  lower than top events
  - ttbar events :  $H_T \sim 350 \text{ GeV/c}$  &  $P_T \sim 230 \text{ GeV/c}$



- Discriminating power
  - Single-top :  $H_T$  more discriminant vs WQQ than  $P_T$  $\rightarrow$  use of leptonic and m $E_T$  information is relevant
  - ttbar events : high values of HT /PT favor ttbar

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## **Discriminant Variable : M**<sub>lvb</sub>

#### **Characteristics**

- Determination of M(Ivb)
  - Interpret  $p_T(v)$  as missing  $E_T$
  - Compute  $p_I(v)$  using the W-mass constraint
    - $\rightarrow$  2-fold ambiguity (use real part if solution is complex)
  - Compute M(Ivb) combinations



 $\rightarrow$  Take p<sub>L</sub>(v) and b-jet : closest value to m<sub>top</sub>

# Discriminating power Reduce non-top events WZ, WQQ, W+jets

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## Single-top : Pre-Selection

#### Strategy

- Common selection for all 3 single-top samples :
  - 1 High pT Lepton + mET
  - $\rightarrow$  reduce non-W events
  - At least two high-p<sub>T</sub> jets
  - → reduce W+jets events



- Main results :
  - Single-top ~22-26%
  - ttbar ~ 38%
  - WQQ ~ 1.5% , W+njets < 1/1000

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## S-channel : strategy

#### **Sequential analysis**

- Selection criteria
  - Number of jets : N(jet) = 2
  - Presence of two high p<sub>T</sub> jets
  - Presence of two central, high-p<sub>T</sub> b-tagged jets
    → Wg usually have 1 b-jet escaping the acceptance



- Reconstruct  $M_{lvb}$  within  $m_{top} \pm 25 \text{ GeV/c}^2$
- Window in H<sub>T</sub>

#### **Sequential Analysis**

#### Selection efficiency

	уу*	Wg	W+t	tt	WQQ	W+jets
Pre-Selection ε(%)	26.2	23.7	22.4	38.3	1.46	0.05
Selection ε(%)	1.73	0.105	0.002	0.035	0.059	0.0001
N <sup>event</sup> (30 fb <sup>-1</sup> ) ± MC stat.	1,141 ±7	1,680 ± 48	10 ± 3	2,580 ± 150	1,148 ± 38	170 ± 85

• N(jet) = 2

 $\rightarrow$  reduces tt by a factor ~ 20 vs W\*

• 2 high- $p_T$  b-jets  $\rightarrow$  reduces WQQ by ~2 and Wg by ~8

•  $M_{lvb}$  and  $H_T \rightarrow$  reduce non-top by ~2

#### Distributions with 30 fb<sup>-1</sup>



## S-channel : future improvements

#### **Improved Analyses**

- Classify the analyses
  - According to Nb of b-tagged jets
- Use of more refined techniques
  - Likelihoods defined against ttbar and WQQ  $\rightarrow$  L<sub>ttb</sub> and L<sub>WQQ</sub> ("a la DØ")
  - Neural Net



- Discriminant Variables
  - Event global shapes are useful
  - Angular correlations (lepton-b, b-b ..)
  - Total Invariant mass, energy sum etc...
  - In all cases N(jet) appears to be a "relevant" parameter

## **S-channel : systematics**

#### **Systematics**

- Experimental systematics
  Main sources that degrades the expected precision by
  - Input Top mass : ~ 0.5%
  - b-tagging efficiency & mistag rates : ~ 0.7%
  - (b)-jet Energy scale : ~ 2% ( $p_T$ ,  $H_T$ ,  $m_t$  cuts)
  - Absolute  $\sigma(W^*)$  : luminosity  $\Delta L/L \sim \pm 5\%$



- Theoretical uncertainty
  - Affects p<sub>T</sub> distributions (hence P<sub>T</sub>,H<sub>T</sub>,m<sub>t</sub>, ...)
  - Affects cross-sections :  $(\Delta \sigma / \sigma)_{ttb} = 12\% (NLO) (\Delta \sigma / \sigma)_{Wg} = 3.5\% (NLO)$   $(\Delta \sigma / \sigma)_{WQQ} = 30\% ? (\Delta \sigma / \sigma)_{Wjets} = 50\% ?$  $\rightarrow \sigma_{backgd}$  predictions : ~0.8%

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## Wg channel : strategy

#### Sequential analysis

- Selection criteria
  - Number of jets : N(jet) = 2
  - Presence of a high-p<sub>T</sub> b-tagged jets (p<sub>T</sub>>40GeV/c)
    Wg evts have 1 b-jet escaping the acceptance
    → requires \*\*only\*\* 1 b-tagged jet
  - Presence of a high-p<sub>T</sub> forward jet
    - → 1 jet with  $|\eta|$ >2.5 and  $p_T \ge 50 \text{GeV/c}$



- Reconstruct M<sub>lvb</sub> within ±25 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>
- Window in H<sub>T</sub>

#### **Sequential Analysis**

#### • Selection efficiency

	<b>W</b> *	٧Vçj	W+t	tt	WQQ	W+jets
Pre-Selection (%)	26.2	23.7	22.4	38.3	1.46	0.05
Selection ε(%)	0.22	0.44	0.023	0.007	0.006	0.0013
N <sup>event</sup> (30 fb <sup>-1</sup> ) ± MC stat.	150 ± 6	7,080 ± 160	125 ± 13	500 ± 150	130 ±40	1,500 ± 750

• N(jet) = 2  $\rightarrow$  reduces tt by ~6 vs Wg

• 1 high- $p_T$  fwd jet  $\rightarrow$  reduce tt (by ~5), Wt(~10), Wjj(~2)

• Great uncertainty on WQQ / W+jets backgrounds

#### Distributions with 30 fb<sup>-1</sup>



## W+t channel : strategy

#### **Analysis Strategy**

- Selection of a specific topology
  - Number of high-p<sub>T</sub> jets Njet) = 3
  - Presence of a high-p<sub>T</sub> b-tagged jets
    → Only \*\*one\*\* b-jet in W+t events
  - Presence of a W-boson mass peak
    - $\rightarrow$  requires 60 < M(j,j) < 90 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>



- Reconstruct M<sub>lvb</sub> within ±25 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>
- Window in  $H_T$  or Invariant Mass

#### **Sequential Analysis**

0

#### • Selection efficiency

	<b>W</b> *	Wg	γλ-ኑ.	tt	WQQ	W+jets
Pre-Selection ε(%)	26.2	23.7	22.4	38.3	1.46	0.05
Selection ε(%)	0.16	0.25	88.0	0.35	0.004	0.0003
N <sup>event</sup> (30 fb <sup>-1</sup> ) ± MC stat.	105 ± 5	4,050 ± 80	4,720 ± 80	26,300 ± 400	90 ± 20	xxx ± 85

- N(jet) = 3 → reduces Wjj & WQQ ~3.5 wrt W+t
  - $M(jj) \sim M_W \rightarrow reduces WQQ/jets by ~3 wrt W+t$

→ Good knowledge of tt background is mandatory

#### Distributions with 30 fb<sup>-1</sup>



## Why measuring the s-channel precisely ?

## an example :

## the search for a heavy charged Higgs

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# S-channel with 30 fb<sup>-1</sup> : sensitivity to a Higgs H<sup>±</sup>

## **Charged Higgs and single-top**

- Production mode in 2 HDM
  - 5 higgs: 3 neutral (A,h,H) + 2 charged (H<sup>±</sup>)
  - Mass spectrum predicted
  - Decay mode : depends on  $m_{H\pm}$  and tan  $\beta$



 $\rightarrow$  tb final state rate can be modified by an extra boson H+



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# S-channel with 30 fb<sup>-1</sup> : sensitivity to a Higgs H<sup>±</sup>



# S-channel with 30 fb<sup>-1</sup> : sensitivity to a Higgs H<sup>±</sup>



## S-channel with 30 fb<sup>-1</sup>: sensitivity to a Higgs H<sup>±</sup>



## Conclusion

#### **Single-top Measurements**

- Precision measurement possible @ LHC
  - S-channel is more difficult than any other channels tt pair and WQQ, Wjets major backgrounds Wg is also a significant background
    - $\rightarrow$  Stat. precision is about ~7 % in 30 fb<sup>-1</sup>
    - $\rightarrow$  Can be significantly improved with Likelihood, NN
  - W-g channel

Higher signal cross-section

Contamination by tt pair & W+jets required

- $\rightarrow$  Stat. precision ~ 1-2%
- W+t channel

top-pair is the major backgd

Wg is also a significant background

→ Stat. precision ~ few %

- Sources of systematics
  - JES should be a dominant source of error
  - b-tagging knowledge (model.) is crucial
  - Limitation in background knowledge
    - $\rightarrow$  Absolute need for NLO generators (W+t, W\*, Wg, tt)
    - → Use of data (ttbar, WQQ, W+jets)
  - Improved analysis required : likelihood & NN

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## Perspectives

#### Single-top Measurements

- Single-top analyses :
  - Performed with LO generator
    → NEED to switch to NLO (for S and B)
  - Performed with Fast Simulation
    - $\rightarrow$  Need to use FullSim

#### **TeVatron Contribution...**

- Knowledge of main backgrounds
  - Use of tt, Wbb and W+jets from the data
  - ightarrow Validation of NLO (tt, single-top) generators at low  $\sqrt{s}$
  - ightarrow Validation of Wbb/cc & W+jets generators at low  $\sqrt{s}$
  - $\rightarrow$  Use of techniques NN, likelihood etc...



C.P. Yuan et al, hep-ph/0409040 hep-ph/0408180, Q. Cao, R.Schwienhorst

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